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**SİSTEM DİL KURSU**

**ESKİŞEHİR**

## NOUN CLAUSES & ADJECTIVE CLAUSES- 2

1. The apocrine gland produces sweat with protein and carbohydrates, ---- is ---- we get that yellow stain on the armpit of our shirts.

- A) that / how
- B) which / why
- C) what / which
- D) where / when
- E) whom / where

2. Suicide is a final act of behaviour ---- is presumably the end result of the interactions of many different factors.

- A) how
- B) what
- C) which
- D) whom
- E) where

3. The port of Malacca is the place ---- most of the exports are sent out and the imports are received.

- A) that
- B) what
- C) which
- D) in that
- E) where

4. Australia is an amazing continental, island country, ---- everyone should visit at least once in life.

- A) what
- B) that
- C) which
- D) where
- E) in which

5. Malta is a beautiful southern European country in the Mediterranean Sea, ---- has a rich history and culture.

- A) that
- B) what
- C) which
- D) where
- E) in which

6. The idea that you can discipline your mind and improve self-control through various techniques is something ---- most of us would agree.

- A) in that
- B) on what
- C) by whose
- D) with which
- E) about whom

7. It is not until the time of the Phoenicians, who inhabited ---- is now modern Lebanon between 3,000 and 4,000 years ago, that we find the full use of a syllabic writing system.

- A) which
- B) where
- C) at how
- D) what
- E) by whom

8. In the mid-2000s, Harry Sokol, a gastroenterologist at Saint Antoine Hospital in Paris, was surprised by ---- he found when he ran some laboratory tests on tissue samples from his patients with Crohn's disease.

- A) that
- B) which
- C) what
- D) where
- E) how

9. In earlier times, dictators could rule from behind high walls with very limited knowledge of the organization ---- they were a part and even less information about the state of the world, near and far.

- A) of which
- B) by which
- C) in which
- D) at which
- E) through which

10. The manner ---- the atmosphere absorbs heat is called Greenhouse Effect.

- A) in that
- B) on what
- C) by whose
- D) in which
- E) wherever

11. Thanks to a variety of social and cultural factors, social media has become an important public space ---- teens can gather and socialize broadly with peers in an informal way.

- A) whose
- B) which
- C) whom
- D) where
- E) into which

12. Education, which gives children hope for life and work, may help protect against HIV, ---- these children may be particularly susceptible.

- A) to which
- B) in which
- C) for which
- D) about which
- E) from which

13. A suicide attempt is a potentially self-injurious behaviour with a nonfatal outcome, ---- there is evidence that the person intended to kill himself or herself.

- A) that
- B) whose
- C) which
- D) for which
- E) how much

14. When we see the images of gorgeous celebrities ---- have lost weight in a very short time, we are naturally tempted to use whatever diet they are on.

- A) who
- B) what
- C) whom
- D) which
- E) whose

15. There are intensive studies of online shopping attitudes and behaviour today, ---- has attempted to identify factors contributing to online shopping attitudes and behaviour.

- A) most of which
- B) some of it
- C) much of what
- D) each of which
- E) many of those

16. Rabies is a neglected disease of poor and vulnerable populations the deaths ---- are rarely reported.

- A) that
- B) to what
- C) whose
- D) where
- E) of which

17. Some people with mental disorders may have itching, ---- no physical cause can be found.

- A) for which
- B) by which
- C) in whom
- D) off which
- E) for what

18. In Turkey, only one out of four working age-women participates in the labour force, ---- working in agricultural sector.

- A) half of them
- B) some of whom
- C) most of which
- D) all of what
- E) one of whom

19. If you suspect you have a skin picking disorder, it is not always easy to find a doctor ---- is experienced with this kind of issue.

- A) who
- B) of whom
- C) whom
- D) whose
- E) in which

20. A large portion of India lives in its tribes, which are the living example of ---- life was like in the earlier days.

- A) how
- B) which
- C) whose
- D) whom
- E) what

21. It is thought that about 800,000 years ago a massive meteor hit the Earth, laying large areas of ---- is now South East Asia to waste and setting huge areas of forest on fire.

- A) whose
- B) where
- C) what
- D) which
- E) whom

22. The sun bear, ---- is the smallest of the living bear species, can be identified by its short, sleek coat and light-coloured muzzle.

- A) whose
- B) which
- C) that
- D) what
- E) whether

23. Presbyopia is a vision condition ---- the crystalline lens of the eye begins to harden and lose flexibility, which makes it difficult to focus on objects up close.

- A) which
- B) in that
- C) whose
- D) in which
- E) by whom

24. There are about eighty pyramids known today from ancient Egypt, the three largest and best-preserved of ---- were built at Giza at the beginning of the Old Kingdom.

- A) these
- B) them
- C) which
- D) what
- E) whose

25. It is said that sentences are made out of words, phrases and clauses, ---- belongs to a specific grammatical category and serves a specific grammatical function within the sentence containing it.

- A) much of it
- B) all of which
- C) most of them
- D) one of whose
- E) each of which

26. When a coronary artery becomes narrowed, the area of the heart muscle supplied by ---- artery becomes ischemic and injured.

- A) what
- B) which
- C) that
- D) whose
- E) whom

27. Burial in Mesopotamia began in 5000 BCE in ancient Sumer, ---- food and tools were buried with the dead.

- A) which
- B) where
- C) by which
- D) of whom
- E) for which

28. Whales are endangered from a variety of threats, ---- are the direct result of human activities.

- A) some of them
- B) each of which
- C) one of them
- D) much of what
- E) most of which

29. Noam Chomsky, ---- is one of the most influential figures in linguistics, argues ---- the behaviourist theory fails to explain the logical problem of language acquisition.

- A) what / whether
- B) why / when
- C) whom / which
- D) whose / how
- E) who / that

30. Acne is defined as a common skin condition ---- pimples break out on your body and facial skin.

- A) that
- B) whose
- C) in which
- D) on where
- E) for which

31. Due to the hormone changes and fears going on inside of you, it is no wonder ---- you will feel exhausted in the early stages of falling in love.

- A) how
- B) which
- C) what
- D) that
- E) whom

32. Rabies is a neglected disease of poor and vulnerable populations the deaths ---- are rarely reported.

- A) that
- B) to what
- C) whose
- D) where
- E) of which

33. A new study on autistic kids suggests that the long-term outcome of autism disorders is linked to ---- and ---- symptoms first appear.

- A) when / how
- B) who / which
- C) whose / that
- D) what / which
- E) where / whom

34. One of the most striking phenomena of recent times is the extent to ---- women have increased their share of the labour force.

- A) who
- B) whom
- C) which
- D) what
- E) how much

35. Breakfast provides the body and brain with fuel after an overnight fast, and that is ---- its name originates: breaking the fast!

- A) where
- B) what
- C) whose
- D) which
- E) in which

36. Rhinoplasty can be used in correcting structural defects of the nose, including those ---- cause breathing problems.

- A) who
- B) that
- C) what
- D) where
- E) whose

37. ---- kids do during sleepwalking episodes, it is unlikely that they will remember having done so.

- A) Wherever
- B) Whatever
- C) Whosever
- D) Whenever
- E) Whomsoever

38. ---- consume nuts and seeds on a regular basis are said to enjoy a lower risk of developing cardiovascular disease.

- A) Those who
- B) Ones which
- C) Nobody who
- D) The one that
- E) Anybody who

39. In addition to producing heat and light, the Sun also emits a number of different types of radiation, ---- is ultra-violet radiation.

- A) all of whom
- B) many of them
- C) one of which
- D) much of what
- E) each of them

40. Only in 1635 was chewing gum invented by George Bates, ---- had been a physician to King Charles I.

- A) who
- B) most of it
- C) all of which
- D) one of whom
- E) which

<b>ANSWER KEY</b>			
1	<b>B</b>	21	<b>C</b>
2	<b>C</b>	22	<b>B</b>
3	<b>E</b>	23	<b>D</b>
4	<b>C</b>	24	<b>C</b>
5	<b>C</b>	25	<b>E</b>
6	<b>D</b>	26	<b>C</b>
7	<b>D</b>	27	<b>B</b>
8	<b>C</b>	28	<b>E</b>
9	<b>A</b>	29	<b>E</b>
10	<b>D</b>	30	<b>C</b>
11	<b>D</b>	31	<b>D</b>
12	<b>A</b>	32	<b>E</b>
13	<b>D</b>	33	<b>A</b>
14	<b>A</b>	34	<b>C</b>
15	<b>D</b>	35	<b>A</b>
16	<b>E</b>	36	<b>B</b>
17	<b>A</b>	37	<b>B</b>
18	<b>A</b>	38	<b>A</b>
19	<b>A</b>	39	<b>C</b>
20	<b>E</b>	40	<b>A</b>